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BEFORE THE POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20268-0001

COMPETITIVE PRODUCT PRICES
INBOUND COMPETITIVE MULTI-SERVICE AGREEMENTS WITH FOREIGN POSTAL OPERATORS
ROYAL POSTNL BV — UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE
BILATERAL AGREEMENT (MC2010-34)
NEGOTIATED SERVICE AGREEMENT

CP2013-24

NOTICE OF UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE OF FILING FUNCTIONALLY EQUIVALENT INBOUND COMPETITIVE MULTI-SERVICE AGREEMENT WITH A FOREIGN POSTAL OPERATOR

(December 4, 2012)

In accordance with 39 C.F.R. § 3015.5 and Order No. 546,¹ the United States

Postal Service (Postal Service) hereby gives notice that the Postal Service has entered into an additional Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreement with a Foreign Postal Operator. This notice concerns the inbound portion of a bilateral agreement with Royal PostNL BV (PostNL) that the Postal Service seeks to include within the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreement with Foreign Postal Operators (MC2010-34) product.

Prices and classifications for competitive products not of general applicability for Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators were previously established by the Decision of the Governors of the United States Postal Service on the Establishment of Prices and Classifications for Inbound Competitive

¹ PRC Order No. 546, Order Adding Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators 1 to the Competitive Product List and Approving Included Agreement, Docket Nos. MC2010-34 and CP2010-95, September 29, 2010.

Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators, issued August 9, 2010 (Governors' Decision No. 10-3).²

The Postal Regulatory Commission (Commission) previously determined, in Order No. 546, that the agreement with Koninklijke TNT Post BV and TNT Post Pakketservice Benelux BV that is the subject of Docket No. CP2010-95 (TNT Agreement) should be included in the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators 1 (MC2010-34 and CP2010-95) product. In Order No. 546, the Commission acknowledged that the Postal Service proposed "that additional agreements functionally equivalent to the TNT Agreement be added to the competitive product list as price categories under the Competitive Multi-Service Agreements product." Subsequently, the Commission determined that the bilateral agreement with China Post filed in Docket No. CP2011-68 (China Post 2011 Agreement) and the bilateral agreement with Norway Post filed in Docket No. CP2011-69 (Norway Post Agreement) should be included in the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators 1 product. The agreement with PostNL that is the

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² A redacted copy of the Governors' Decision No. 10-3 was filed on August 13, 2010, and is filed as Attachment 3 of this Notice. An unredacted copy of this Governors' Decision was filed under seal on the same day with Request of United States Postal Service to Add Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators to the Competitive Product List, and Notice of Filing (Under Seal) of Enabling Governors' Decision and Negotiated Service Agreement, Docket Nos. MC2010-34 and CP2010-95, August 13, 2010. That notice may be accessed at the following link: https://prc.gov/Docs/69/69690/MC2010-34_CP2010-95%20Request_Notice.pdf.

³ PRC Order No. 546, at 4.

⁴ PRC Order No. 859, Order Concerning an Additional Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators 1 Negotiated Service Agreement, Docket No. CP2011-68, September 16, 2011, at 9; PRC Order No. 840, Order Concerning an Additional Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators 1 Negotiated Service Agreement, Docket No. CP2011-69, September 7, 2011, at 6.

subject of this docket (PostNL Agreement) is intended to become effective on January 1, 2013.⁵

The PostNL agreement and supporting documents establishing compliance with 39 U.S.C. § 3633 and 39 C.F.R. § 3015.5 are being filed separately under seal with the Commission, and a redacted copy of the agreement is filed as Attachment 1. A certified statement concerning the PostNL Agreement that is required by 39 C.F.R. § 3015.5(c)(2) is included with this filing as Attachment 2, and an Application for Non-Public Treatment is included as Attachment 4. A redacted version of the supporting financial documentation is included with this filing as a separate Excel file.

For other competitive products, the Commission has determined that additional individual contracts may be included as part of the product if they meet the requirements of 39 U.S.C. § 3633 and if they are functionally equivalent to the previously submitted contracts included within the product.⁶ In PRC Order No. 840, the Commission accepted the Postal Service's designation of the TNT Agreement "as the baseline agreement for functional equivalency analyses of the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreement with Foreign Postal Operators 1 product."⁷

The Postal Service demonstrates in this filing that the agreement to deliver inbound Air CP and EMS in the United States that is included in the PostNL Agreement is functionally equivalent to the agreement to deliver inbound Air CP and EMS in the TNT Agreement. Accordingly, the Postal Service requests that the Commission include

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⁵ In accordance with Article 22 of the TNT Agreement, the TNT Agreement automatically renewed on October 1, 2012. Pursuant to paragraph 3 of Article 22 of the PostNL Agreement, the TNT Agreement shall expire the day prior to the effective date of the PostNL Agreement, if an effective date for the PostNL agreement is established.

⁶ See, e.g., PRC Order No. 601, Order Approving Five Additional Global Expedited Package Services 3 Negotiated Service Agreements, Docket Nos. CP2011-34, CP2011-35, CP2011-36, CP2011-37 and CP2011-38, December 1, 2010, at 5.

⁷ PRC Order No. 840, at 5.

the PostNL Agreement within the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators 1 (MC 2010-34) product.

Identification of the Additional Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreement with a Foreign Postal Operator

The Postal Service believes that the PostNL Agreement fits within the Mail Classification Schedule (MCS) language included as Attachment A to Governors' Decision No. 10-3.8 The competitive services offered to PostNL include rates for inbound Air CP and EMS. The Postal Service and PostNL intend for the effective date of the rates concerning Air CP and EMS included in the agreement to be January 1, 2013. The rates for inbound Air CP and EMS included in the agreement shall remain in effect for two years after the effective date of this agreement unless terminated sooner.

In this docket, the Postal Service is presenting only an agreement with PostNL to deliver inbound Air CP and EMS in the United States. The rates paid by the Postal Service to PostNL for outbound delivery of the Postal Service's competitive products in the Netherlands have not been presented to the Commission. Those rates represent supplier costs to the Postal Service, which are built into the prices that the Postal Service charges its shipping customers for outbound competitive products to be delivered in the Netherlands. An agreement concerning outbound competitive services with PostNL would no more need to be classified as a product or otherwise subjected to prior Commission review than would an agreement to purchase trucking services from highway contractors or to purchase air transportation from air carriers.

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⁸ See also 2515.10 Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators, Additional Supplemental Comments of United States Postal Service on Mail Classification Schedule, PRC Docket No. RM2011-8, July 29, 2011, Suppl MCS Markup 7 28 2011.pdf, at 411.

Application for Non-public Treatment

The Postal Service maintains that the redacted portions of the contract and related financial information should remain confidential. Attachment 4 to this Notice is the Postal Service's application for non-public treatment of materials filed under seal in this docket. A full discussion of the required elements of the application appears in Attachment 4.

Functional Equivalency of Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators

The inbound portion of the PostNL Agreement is substantially similar to the inbound portion of the TNT Agreement in terms of the products being offered under the contract and the contract's cost characteristics. Like the TNT Agreement, the PostNL Agreement also fits within the parameters outlined by Governors' Decision No. 10-3, which establishes the rates for Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators. There are, however, differences between the inbound portion of the PostNL Agreement and the inbound portion of the TNT agreement. These differences include the following.

- The name of the foreign postal operator with whom the agreement is made is different in the title, first paragraph, Article 16, signature block, and throughout the agreement.
- In Article 3, a second paragraph has been added that states that the
 parties will work together to revise the accounting business rules between
 them.

⁹ The differences listed do not include differences that specifically apply to the sections of the PostNL Agreement that concern inbound Letter Post items. These differences are listed in the companion filing which requests that the PostNL Agreement be included within the Inbound Market Dominant Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators 1 (MC2010-35) product.

- An additional article, Article 8, concerning Customs Inspection, is included in the PostNL Agreement. As a result, all subsequent article numbers have been renumbered.
- Article 9, Termination; Article 10, Dispute Resolution; Article 12,
 Indemnification and Liability; and Article 14, Confidentiality Requirements,
 differ as a result of negotiations between the parties.
- Article 22, Entire Agreement, has been revised to clarify what constitutes
 the entire agreement, and to include reference to the TNT Agreement and
 the Exprès Service Agreement.
- Article 23, Term, has been slightly revised.
- An Article 24, concerning Intellectual Property, Co-Branding and Licensing, has been added.
- An Article 25, concerning the survival of various provisions, has been included.
- In Annex 1, the explanatory paragraphs that appear before the rate table have been revised. Also, the rate table and the notes after the rate table are different.
- In Annex 1, minor revisions have been made to the sections concerning
 Parcels and EMS product categories and formats.
- An Annex 2 concerning detailed item content restrictions has been added.
- An Annex 3 that includes suggested Office of Exchange Routing Details has been added.

Because the PostNL Agreement and the TNT Post Agreement incorporate the same cost attributes and methodology, the relevant cost and market characteristics are similar, if not the same, for the PostNL Agreement and the TNT Agreement. The Postal Service does not consider that the specified differences affect either the fundamental service the Postal Service is offering or the fundamental structure of the agreements. Nothing detracts from the conclusion that these agreements are "functionally equivalent in all pertinent respects." 10

Conclusion

For the reasons discussed, and as demonstrated by the financial data filed under seal, the Postal Service has established that the PostNL Agreement is in compliance with the requirements of 39 U.S.C. § 3633 and is functionally equivalent to the TNT Agreement, the first agreement to be included in the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators (MC2010-34) product. Accordingly, the PostNL Agreement should be added to the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators (MC2010-34) product.

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¹⁰ PRC Order No. 85, Order Concerning Global Plus Negotiated Service Agreements, Docket No. CP2008-8, June 27, 2008, at 8.

Respectfully submitted,

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE By its attorneys:

Anthony F. Alverno Chief Counsel Global Business and Service Development Corporate and Postal Business Law Section

Christopher C. Meyerson Attorney

475 L'Enfant Plaza, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20260-1137 (202) 268-7820; Fax -5628 christopher.c.meyerson@usps.gov December 4, 2012

ROYAL POSTNL BV – UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE STRATEGIC BILATERAL AGREEMENT

This Agreement is between the United States Postal Service ("USPS"), an independent establishment of the Executive Branch of the Government of the United States with offices at 475 L'Enfant Plaza SW, Washington, DC 20260, and Royal PostNL BV ("PostNL"), a company registered in the Netherlands with a registered office at Prinses Beatrixlaan 23, 2595 AK The Hague. The USPS and PostNL may be referred to individually as a "Party" and together as the "Parties"

INTRODUCTION

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to enter into a non-exclusive relationship whereby the Parties will provide each other certain products and/or services pursuant to the terms and conditions contained herein;

WHEREAS, the Parties acknowledge and understand that the commencement of performance under this Agreement is subject to the approval of and/or non-objection by various entities with oversight responsibilities, which may include but not be limited to the USPS management's executive committee, the USPS Governors, and/or the U.S. Postal Regulatory Commission. Accordingly, PostNL acknowledges and understands that the ability of the USPS to perform under this Agreement may not occur, and in this respect the provisions of Article 3 and 4 shall apply;

WHEREAS, in light of the aforementioned acknowledgements, the Parties desire to be bound by the terms of this Agreement as well as the terms of Article 4 of this Agreement entitled "Conditions Precedent";

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth below, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

Article 1: Purpose of the Agreement

The purposes of this Agreement are the following:

- 1 to foster the maintenance and further development of a mutually beneficial relationship on behalf of the Parties' respective customers;
- 2 to set out the principles and general terms and conditions that shall apply to the exchange of certain international products and services between the Parties; and
- 3 to set out the rates that will apply to that exchange of a list of products as specified in Annex 1 between the Parties.

Article 2: Guiding Principles of the Agreement

- The Parties agree to work together to improve the quality of postal services between PostNL and the United States in order to better serve the market. In particular, the Parties agree to provide access to each other's operating networks and services in such a way that for each service provided:
 - (i) excellence in quality of service performance will be attained and maintained;
 - (ii) the flexibility required to meet changing market and logistical conditions will be supported;
 - (iii) the costs to each Party of providing services will be minimized, and

- (iv) settlement and payment processes will be electronically-based to the extent practicable, with the objective being to make such processes efficient, timely, and specific to each particular service or type of service.
- In addition to the level of cooperation specifically outlined in this Agreement, the Parties intend to collaborate further on product development, enhancements to current products, and specified value-added services required to meet the ever-evolving needs of their customers.

Article 3: Oversight and Effective Date

- The terms and pricing set forth under this Agreement require the approval from various entities that have oversight responsibilities for the USPS as set out in Article 4 below. Upon execution of this Agreement, the USPS shall seek such approval. This Agreement shall come into effect upon all such approvals having been obtained by the USPS and notification to PostNL by the USPS that all such approvals have been obtained, and the date of notification shall be "the Effective Date," unless an alternative date is proposed in the USPS's notification and agreed to by PostNL in a return communication, in which case that alternative date shall be the Effective Date
- The Parties will work together to revise by December 31, 2012, the Accounting Business Rules between the Parties so that the rules include changes in settlement related to this Agreement.

Article 4: Conditions Precedent

The Parties acknowledge and understand that all obligations of the USPS under this Agreement shall be contingent on the USPS receiving approvals from, and/or non-objection by (hereinafter "Conditions Precedent") one or more internal and external bodies that have oversight responsibilities. Conditions Precedent may include but are not limited to approvals or, if applicable, non-objection, from USPS management's executive committee, the Governors of the USPS, and the U.S. Postal Regulatory Commission. The Parties acknowledge that the Agreement might not be approved by such bodies. Until such time that all Conditions Precedent are fulfilled that are necessary to provide the products or services contemplated under the Agreement, no obligation shall exist for the USPS or PostNL and no benefit or rights granted through this Agreement shall inure to either Party unless and until the Effective Date occurs and upon such occurrence the Condition Precedents shall have been fulfilled.

Article 5: Limitation on Liability and Costs

In the event that the Conditions Precedent are not fulfilled, the USPS and PostNL shall have no liability, which shall include no obligation to pay costs associated with any action taken by PostNL prior to the Effective Date of the Agreement. Further, in the event of termination of the Agreement or the failure of any Condition Precedent, the USPS shall not be held liable for any damages including, without limitation, the following: actual damages, special damages; indirect damages; incidental damages, punitive damages, consequential damages, or any other damages, which shall include but not be limited to damages for loss of business profits, business interruption; any other loss, and/or any cost incurred by either Party attributable to such non-approval such as attorney's fees.

Article 6: Price Changes; No Effect on Service Terms

For each of the services with specific terms and conditions set forth in an attachment to this Agreement, any adjustments to the rates for the services shall be subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Annexes in this Agreement.

Article 7: Monetary Transactions

Each Party will bear the costs and retain the revenues for any work performed by itself and by agents or contractors on its behalf, unless the Parties agree to other arrangements to allocate

- costs or revenues and those arrangements are incorporated in an Amendment to this Agreement. Any such Amendment shall be governed by Article 19 below.
- All taxes and duties are the sole responsibility of the Party to whom they are duly assessed and shall not be charged to any other Party in any form unless the Parties otherwise provide in an Amendment to this Agreement. Any such Amendment shall be governed by Article 19 below.

Article 8: Customs Inspection

USPS bears no responsibility for the disposition of items in the custody of U.S. Customs & Border Protection. Further, PostNL understands that all contents of any item, including items that are treated as sealed mail under USPS regulations, are subject to inbound search and inspection by U.S. Customs & Border Protection, regardless of when the USPS elects to conduct verification and acceptance of any inbound items.

Article 9: Termination

- Either Party may terminate this Agreement without cause upon 90 days advance written notice to the other Party. The right to terminate the Agreement for good cause remains unaffected.
- In the event of termination of the Agreement under this Article, the Parties shall be liable to make final settlement of all amounts owing as of the effective date of the termination. Each Party shall bear its own costs in the event of termination. All further rights and remedies shall remain unaffected.
- In the event of termination, and as of the effective date of termination, the Parties shall revert to the default rates applicable under the Universal Postal Union Convention and to the EMS charges normally applied in light of the Parties' respective commitments to one another (e.g., as EMS Cooperative members or otherwise) effective at the time of such termination, and neither Party shall be liable to the other for any damages including, without limitation, actual, special, indirect, incidental, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including, without limitation, damages for loss of business profits, business interruption or any other loss) for any reason.

Article 10: Dispute Resolution

- The Parties intend to resolve all controversies under this Agreement informally through correspondence, oral communications, and informal meetings.
- 2. If the methods described in the above paragraph prove insufficient to resolve a controversy, the Parties will escalate it up within their respective organizations. If the dispute cannot be resolved even after it has been escalated to the top level in each organization, i.e., the level of PostNL's Chief Executive Officer and United States Postal Service's Postmaster General (or the equivalents to those positions at the time), then, if there is still no resolution, the Parties shall engage in non-binding mediation. If a resolution still cannot be found, the Parties agree to submit the dispute to binding arbitration to take place in Washington, DC or The Hague. The parties shall alternate between these locations for each separate dispute, with the first such arbitration proceeding being held in Washington, DC, or another mutually agreed to location, under the Rules of Arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC) by three arbitrators appointed in accordance with the Rules. For any reason, which shall include but not be limited to the partial or full enforcement of a binding judgment by the arbitrators, either party may enter said judgment or an award of the arbitrators in any court of competent jurisdiction in the country of the party against whom the judgment or award is to be enforced.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of this Article, and without prejudice to Article 12, paragraph 1, in the event of conflict or inconsistency between the provisions of this Article and Article 12, paragraph 1, the provisions of Article 12, paragraph 1 shall prevail.

Article 11: Construction

Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the federal law of the United States.

Article 12: Indemnification and Liability

- The Parties acknowledge that aspects of liability or indemnification (including, but not limited to registered mail and air parcels) not expressly governed by this Agreement or its regulations are subject to the appropriate provisions of the Acts of the Universal Postal Union and any reservations that Parties have taken to those instruments, as well as the appropriate provisions of the EPG Agreements.
- In the event that an entity not party to this Agreement asserts claims against PostNL or USPS that are related to the exchange of the products specified in Annex 1 and that are attributable to the fraud, negligence, or willful misconduct of the other Party to this Agreement, the latter Party shall indemnify the defending Party for, and hold the defending Party harmless from, any losses, damages or liabilities suffered by the defending Party as a result. In that instance, the indemnifying Party shall also reimburse the defending Party for all reasonable expenses incurred in connection with investigating, preparing for, or defending any such claim, whether in an administrative, regulatory or judicial proceeding, and whether or not the indemnified Party is named in the proceeding.
- 3. Neither Party to this Agreement shall be liable to the other Party, or will indemnify the other Party for any loss or damages including, without limitation, actual, special, indirect, incidental, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including, without limitation, damages for loss of business profits, business interruption or any other loss) for any reason, except for the following:
 - liability and indemnification as described in Article 12, paragraphs 1 and 2.
 - b. final settlement under Article 9, or
 - any actual damage or loss suffered by a Party as a result of a breach of this Agreement by the other Party.
- 4 Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as an acknowledgment or concession regarding the validity of any claim or the entitlement of any Party to any amount of damages.

Article 13: Language

The official version of this Agreement, including all supporting documentation and correspondence, shall be in English. The English language shall be the controlling language for the purpose of interpreting this Agreement, and all correspondence between the Parties pertaining to this Agreement shall be in the English language. In the event of inconsistency between any terms of this Agreement, including its supporting documentation and correspondence, and any translation into another language, the English language meaning shall control.

Article 14: Confidentiality Requirements

- The Parties consider the rate information included in this Agreement to be commercially sensitive information and agree that it should not be disclosed to third parties except as required by law. PostNL and USPS will treat as confidential and not disclose to third parties, absent express written consent by the other Party, any information related to this Agreement that is treated as non-public by the U.S. Postal Regulatory Commission.
- PostNL acknowledges that as part of securing approval of this Agreement and in other subsequent regulatory filings, the Agreement and supporting documentation will be filed with the U.S. Postal Regulatory Commission ("Commission") in a docketed proceeding PostNL

authorizes the USPS to determine the scope of information that must be made publicly available under the Commission's rules. PostNL further understands that any unredacted portion of this Agreement or supporting documentation may be posted on the Commission's public website, www.prc.gov. In addition, the USPS may be required to file information in connection with this Agreement (including revenue, cost, or volume data) in other Commission dockets, including Commission docket numbers ACR2013 and ACR2014. PostNL has the right, in accordance with the Commission's rules, to address its confidentiality concerns directly with the Commission. The procedure for making an application to the Commission for non-public treatment of materials believed to be protected from disclosure is found at Title 39, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 3007.22, on the Commission's website: www.prc.gov/Docs/63/63467/Order225.pdf. At the request of PostNL, the USPS will notify PostNL of the docket number of the Commission proceeding to establish the rates in this instrument under U.S. law, once that docket number has been assigned.

Article 15: Severability

If any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be held void or unenforceable, the other provisions shall survive and remain in full force and effect, subject only to either Party's unilateral right to terminate the Agreement.

Article 16: Notices

Any notice or other document to be given under this Agreement will be in writing and addressed as set out below. Notices may be delivered by hand, email, or Express Mail.

To the USPS

Executive Director, International Postal Affairs United States Postal Service 475 L'Enfant Plaza SW, Room 1P906 Washington, DC 20260-4016 Lea.Emerson@usps.gov

To PostNL:

PostNL International Mail Director international Relations Mr. Jan Sertons P.O. Box 30259 2500 GG DEN HAAG THE NETHERLANDS jan.sertons@postnl.nl

Article 17: Force Majeure

Neither party shall be liable for its failure to perform under the terms of this Agreement due to any contingency beyond its reasonable control, including acts of God, fires, floods, wars, sabotage, accidents, labor disputes or shortages, governmental laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, whether valid of invalid, court orders, whether valid or invalid, inability to obtain material, equipment, or transportation, and any other similar or different contingency.

Article 18: Legal Status of this Agreement

This Agreement constitutes a legally binding agreement on the part of each signatory hereto and does not bind the Parties' respective governments. The Parties acknowledge that this Agreement sets out the terms and conditions of a negotiated contractual arrangement between the Parties and is not an agreement entered into or subject to international law. This Agreement does not involve the creation of a wholly-owned subsidiary of any Party or a joint venture company or partnership funded in any ratio by the

Parties. The Parties do not intend that any agency or partnership relationship be created between any of them by this Agreement.

Article 19: Amendment

This Agreement may be amended or extended only by mutual written agreement signed by authorized representatives of PostNL and USPS. Neither a Party's acquiescence in any performance at variance to this Agreement nor a Party's failure to exercise any right or enforce any obligation shall be deemed an amendment to this instrument. The Amendment may be contingent upon any and all necessary approvals by USPS management, the USPS Governors, the USPS Board of Governors, and/or the U.S. Postal Regulatory Commission. If such approvals are required, the Amendment will not become effective until such time as all necessary approvals are obtained.

Article 20: Assignment

This Agreement may not be assigned in whole or in part by any Party without the prior written consent of the other parties. Each Party may, however, delegate certain of its responsibilities under this Agreement to a subsidiary or other affiliate entity within its organizational structure without the need for consent by the other Parties so long as such subsidiary or entity would be bound by this Agreement.

Article 21: Applicability of Other Laws

- The Parties acknowledge that this Agreement does not involve the USPS's acquisition of property or services and is not subject to the Contract Disputes Act (41 U.S.C. § 601 et seq.)
- The Parties recognize that performance under this Agreement may be subject to laws enacted or enforced by governmental entities and is contingent on each Party obtaining all consents, authorizations, orders, or approvals required under applicable law or policy to effectuate the Agreement.
- 3 The Parties understand that USPS may be required to provide copies of this Agreement to the U.S. Department of State and the U.S. Postal Regulatory Commission. PostNL acknowledges that the entire Agreement, or portions thereof as the USPS determines to be appropriate, will be filed with the U.S. Postal Regulatory Commission with a notice to add it to the competitive and/or market dominant products list.

Article 22: Entire Agreement

- Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, this Agreement, including all Annexes to this Agreement, shall constitute the entire agreement between the Parties concerning the exchange of international mail described herein.
- The Parties shall be bound by their commitments under the E-Parcel Group Agreement for the Delivery of Day-Certain Cross-Border Parcels Core Agreement and Sub-Agreement B to the Agreement for the Delivery of Day-Certain Cross-Border Parcels (collectively, "EPG Agreements"), if applicable, but only to the extent consistent with this agreement.

In the event of any inconsistency between this Agreement and a commitment under the EPG Agreements, then this Agreement shall prevail over any such inconsistent terms.

Neither PostNL nor the USPS is released from any obligations arising under the TNT POST –
United States Postal Service Strategic Bilateral Agreement executed by TNT POST on July 16,
2010 and by the USPS on July 22, 2010 (TNT POST – USPS 2010 Bilateral Agreement), which
shall terminate at 11:59pm on the day prior to the Effective Date of this Agreement, if an Effective
Date for this Agreement is established.

- 4. The Parties acknowledge that the provisions of the Universal Postal Convention and applicable regulations apply except to the extent inconsistent with this Agreement. In particular, Quality of Service bonuses established or permitted under the Universal Postal Convention and applicable regulations shall apply to mail tendered under this Agreement.
- 5. The exchange of Exprès items between the Parties shall take place in accordance with the terms of the Exprès Service Agreement and its procedures, as adopted on December 23, 1999, and amended from time to time by the parties to the Exprès Service Agreement.
- 6. With the exception of the Agreements mentioned in Paragraphs 2, 3, 4, and 5 of this Article, or as otherwise indicated in this Agreement, any prior agreement, understanding, or representation of any kind pertaining to the subject matter of this agreement and preceding the date of this Agreement shall not be binding upon either Party.

Article 23: Term

The USPS will notify PostNL of the Effective Date of the Agreement within thirty (30) days after receiving the approval of the entities that have oversight responsibilities for the USPS. USPS shall have no obligation to notify PostNL of the status of the approval process or of potential fulfillment of the approval process. The Agreement shall remain in effect for two years after the Effective Date unless terminated sooner pursuant to Article 9. Before the expiration of this two-year period, the Agreement shall be reviewed by both Parties to determine whether to extend or otherwise modify the Agreement.

Article 24: Intellectual Property, Co-Branding, and Licensing

The Parties acknowledge that in the service of improving existing international products or developing new international products under this Agreement that such products may be enhanced through the use of co-branding or the use of each Party's trademarks, logos or intellectual property. In such instances, the Parties acknowledge and agree that any use shall be subject to separate written agreements. The Parties acknowledge and agree that neither Party shall use the other Party's trademarks, logos or intellectual property until such time that a license for each specific such use has been executed by the Parties and all laws and regulations required for such license's effectiveness have been perfected, which shall include but not be limited to any recordation requirements.

Article 25: Survival

The provisions of Articles 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23, and 24 shall survive the conclusion or termination of this agreement, as well as any other terms insofar as they apply to the Parties' continuing obligations to one another under the articles listed above.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties agree to be bound as of the latest date of signature to the terms and conditions of this Agreement

Voltage

Herna Verhagen

CEO

United States Postal Service

Giselle Valera

Managing Director, Global Business,

Marember 14,2012

and Vice President

Date

Annex 1: Settlement Rates

Settlement rates listed in the tables included below are product stream rates per piece and per kilogram stated in Special Drawing Rights (SDRs) unless noted otherwise. The rates are set on the conditions that current work-sharing arrangements are substantially maintained. Any changes to current work-sharing (i.e. sortation and preparation) arrangements will be subject to negotiations and mutual written agreement, including, but not limited to, agreement as to any impact on pricing.

Period 1 is from January 1, 2013 until December 31, 2013, and Period 2 is from January 1, 2014 until December 31, 2014.

Additionally, each Party is encouraged, but not required, to consider offering to the other Party incentives for optional activities, such as sortation or separation changes.

US to NL		Period 1		Period 2		
Service Description	Mail Stream	SDR/Piece	SDR/Ka	SDR/Piece	SDR/Ko	
Priority Letter Tray non-IPA	A,UL,IL-P- non-IPA (PU)					
Priority Flat Tray non-IPA	A,UL,IL-G- non-IPA (GU)					
Priority Bag non-IPA	A,UN,BG- non-IPA					
IPA - Letters, Flats, Packets	A,UZ,PU/GU/BG					
Priority M-Bag	A,UN/UM,BG non IPA and IPA					
Priority Registered Mail Bag	A,UR,BG					
ISAL	B,UL,PU/GU and B,UN, BG					
SAL M-Bag	B,UN/UM,BG					
Surface Bag	C, UN, BG/CN					
Express Mail Service	A,ED/EM/EN,AII					
Air Parcels	A.CE/CN, AII,					
NL to US	to US		Period 1		Period 2	
Service Description	Mail Stream	SDR/Piece	SDR/Ka	SDR/Piece	SDR/K	
Priority Letter Tray	A,LP,IL-P					
Priority Flat Tray	A,LP,IL-G					
Priority Bag	A.LP.BG/IS					
Priority Bulk Container	A.LP.PC/CN/PB/NE					
Priority IPA	A.UZ.All					
Priority Registered Mail Bag	A,UR,BG/IS					
SAL Letter Tray	B,LP,IL-P					
SAL Flat Tray	B.LP,IL-G					
SAL Bag	B, LP and UZ, BG					
SAL Bulk Container	B,LP,PC/CN/PB/NE					
SAL M-Bag	B,LP/UM,BG					
Surface Bag	C,LP.BG					
Surface M-Bag	C,LP/UM.BG					
Surface Bulk Container	C.LP.PC					
Surface Letter Tray	C,LP,IL					
Express Mail Service	A, ED/EM/EN, All					
Cypiess Mail Service	rs, EDILINICIA, rsn					



Specifications of Letter Post Product Categories and Formats

The rates for the stream categories above shall be based upon the following format and product definitions

Cards

Any piece which has:

- a length more than 3.5 inches but less than 5.5 inches and
- a height more than 4.25 inches but less than 6.0 inches and
- a thickness more than 0.007 inch but less than 0.016 inch, and
- which is rectangular.

Letters

Any piece which has.

- a length more than 139 70 mm (5.5 inches) but less than or equal to 292 mm (11 1/2 inches) and
- a height more than 88.90mm (3.5 inches) but less than or equal to 155 mm (6.1/8 inches) and
- a thickness more than 0 18mm (0.007 inch) but equal to or less than 6 mm (1/4 inch)
- and which has a weight of less than or equal to 99.22 grams (3.5 ounces)

Flats/Large Letters

Any piece exceeding any maximum limit for a Letter and which has:

- a length less than or equal to 381 mm (15 inches) and
- a width less than or equal to 292 mm (11 1/2 inches) and
- a thickness less than or equal to 20 mm (3/4 inch)
- and which has a weight of less than or equal to 2 kilograms

Packets

Any piece exceeding any of the maximum size limits for a Flat, but within the maximum size limits as set forth in the Universal Postal Union Letter Post Regulations Article RL 122 and which has a weight of less than or equal to 2 kilograms

M-Bags

Printed matter in a direct sack to a single foreign address, subject to the Reservations of the United States of America in Universal Postal Union Protocol Article Rt. II and V, which has a weight less than or equal to 31.5 kilograms

Registered Mail

Any piece that meets the size and weight dimensions of Letters, Flats, or Packets and bears a Registered label on the mail piece

Specifications of Parcel Post Product Categories and Formats

Parcels

Any piece corresponding to size limits as set forth in the Universal Postal Union Parcel Post Regulations Article RC 115 and which has a weight of less than or equal to 31.5 kilograms

Specifications of EMS Product Categories and Formats

Express Mail Service (EMS)

"EMS items" means mail items as defined by Article 14 of the Universal Postal Union Convention (Geneva 2008). An EMS item may contain documents or merchandise or both.

Annex 2 - Detailed Item Content Restrictions

All items mailed under this Agreement must conform to the mailability requirements of the United States Postal Service, as detailed in the International Mail Manual sections 135 and 710; the United States country listing in the Universal Postal Union's List of Prohibited Items, and Domestic Mail Manual section 601. As of the execution date of this Agreement, these materials are available at the following websites, respectively:

http://pe.usps.gov/text/imm/immc1_013.htm

http://pe.usps.com/text/imm/immc7_001.htm

http://www.upu.int/en/activities/customs/list-of-prohibited-articles.html

http://pe.usps.gov/text/dmm300/601.htm

Annex 3 - Suggested Office of Exchange Routing Details

The following table illustrates the appropriate U.S. point of entry based on the first two digits of the destination address postal code. A more detailed table based on the first three digits can be provided upon request.

First Two Digits of Postal codes	Appropriate US point of entry		
00-29	JFK - New York		
30-34	MIA - Miami		
35-79	ORD - Chicago		
80-99	SFO – San Francisco		

Registered mail can only be entered in LAX, JFK and MIA Offices of Exchange.

Certification of Prices for the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreement with PostNL

I, Joseph Moeller, Manager, Regulatory Reporting and Cost Analysis, Finance Department, United States Postal Service, am familiar with the prices for the Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreement with PostNL. The prices contained in this agreement were established by the Decision of the Governors of the United States Postal Service on the Establishment of Prices and Classifications for Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators, issued August 6, 2010 (Governors' Decision No. 10-3)

I hereby certify that the cost coverage for the agreement with PostNL has been appropriately determined and represents the best available information. The prices are in compliance with 39 U.S.C. § 3633(a)(1), (2), and (3). The prices demonstrate that the agreement should cover its attributable costs and preclude the subsidization of competitive products by market dominant products. In Fiscal Year 2011, all international competitive mail accounted for a relatively small percentage of the total contribution by all competitive products. Contribution from this agreement should be much smaller. The agreement with PostNL should not impair the ability of competitive products on the whole to cover an appropriate share of institutional costs.

Joseph Moeller

"RESTRICTED AND SENSITIVE BUSINESS INFORMATION - DO NOT DISCLOSE"

DECISION OF THE GOVERNORS OF THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PRICES AND CLASSIFICATIONS FOR INBOUND COMPETITIVE MULTI-SERVICE AGREEMENTS WITH FOREIGN POSTAL OPERATORS (GOVERNORS' DECISION NO. 10-3)

August 6, 2010

STATEMENT OF EXPLANATION AND JUSTIFICATION

Pursuant to our authority under section 3632 of title 39, as amended by the Postal Accountability and Enhancement Act of 2006 ("PAEA"), we establish new prices not of general applicability for certain of the Postal Service's competitive service offerings, and such changes in classification as are necessary to implement the new prices. This decision establishes prices by setting price floor and price ceiling formulas for Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators. The agreements to which these prices will apply are described in Attachment A. The pricing formulas and management's analysis of the appropriateness of these formulas are specified in Attachment B. We have reviewed that analysis and have concluded that the prices and classification changes are in accordance with 39 U.S.C. §§ 3632-3633 and 39 C.F.R. §§ 3015.5 and 3015.7. Agreements that fall within the terms specified in Attachment A, and whose prices fall within the price ranges established by the price floor and price ceiling formulas specified in Attachment B, are hereby authorized.

The PAEA provides that prices for competitive products must cover each product's attributable costs, not result in subsidization by market dominant products, and enable all competitive products to contribute an appropriate share to the Postal Service's institutional costs. We are satisfied that the prices established according to the formulas listed in Attachment B will enhance the Postal Service's ability to meet the applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. We accept and rely upon the certification in Attachment C that the correct cost inputs for the formulas have been identified. In addition, the price floor formulas should produce prices that allow each product to cover attributable costs and

¹ Because the Postal Service is creating a new grouping for Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Administrations, entirely new Mail Classification Schedule language is proposed.

"RESTRICTED AND SENSITIVE BUSINESS INFORMATION - DO NOT DISCLOSE"

Governors' Decision No. 10-3

Page 2

provide a contribution toward the Postal Service's institutional costs. The prices should thus prevent cross-subsidies from market dominant products. As noted in the certification in Attachment C, entry into agreements pursuant to this Decision should not impair the ability of competitive products as a whole to cover an appropriate share of institutional costs.

No agreement authorized pursuant to this Decision may go into effect unless it is submitted to the Postal Regulatory Commission with a notice that complies with 39 U.S.C. § 3632(b)(3).

ORDER

In accordance with the foregoing Decision of the Governors, the formulas set forth herein, which establish prices for the applicable Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators, and the changes in classification necessary to implement those prices, are hereby approved and ordered into effect. An agreement is authorized under this Decision only if the prices fall within this Decision and the certification process specified herein is followed. Prices and classification changes established pursuant to this Decision will take effect after filing with and completion of review by the Postal Regulatory Commission.

By The Governors:

Louis J. Giuliano

Chairman

Attachment A

Description of Applicable Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators

2614 Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators

2614.1 Description

- a. Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators provide prices for acceptance, transportation within the United States, and delivery of any combination of Inbound Air Parcel Post, Inbound Surface Parcel Post, Inbound Direct Entry, and/or Inbound International Expedited Services (Express Mail Service) tendered by foreign postal operators. These constituent services may include other services that the relevant foreign postal operator offers to its customers under differing terms, but that nevertheless are processed and delivered in a similar manner within the United States Postal Service's network. Such agreements may also establish negotiated rates for services ancillary to such items and for customized competitive services developed for application solely in the context of the agreement.
- b. Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators may set forth general operating terms and conditions, ontime delivery and scanning service performance targets and standards, specifications for mail product categories and formats, processes for indemnity, and shared transportation arrangements that modify the requirements generally applicable to the services covered by each agreement.
- c. Items tendered under Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators items are either sealed or not sealed against inspection, according to the general nature of each underlying service.

2614.2 Size and Weight Limitations

Size and weight requirements are the requirements for Inbound Air Parcel Post at UPU Rates, Inbound Surface Parcel Post (at UPU Rates), Inbound Direct Entry, and Inbound International Expedited Services (Express Mail Service), respectively, subject to any applicable country-specific modifications.

2614.3 Optional Features

The Postal Service may offer such optional features as may be mutually agreed with the relevant foreign postal operator.

2614.4 Products Included in Group (Agreements)

 Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators 1 (MC2010-X, CP2010-X) "Restricted and Sensitive Business Information - Do Not Disclose."

Attachment B

Formulas for Prices Under Applicable Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators					

"Restricted and Sensitive Business Information - Do Not Disclose."



Attachment C

Certification of Prices for Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators

I, Joseph Moeller, Manager, Regulatory Reporting and Cost Analysis, Finance Department, United States Postal Service, am familiar with the price formulas for Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators, which are set forth in Attachment B. I hereby certify that these formulas adequately represent all necessary cost elements. If the Postal Service were to enter into agreements and offer services that set prices above the price floors, the Postal Service would be in compliance with 39 U.S.C. § 3633(a)(1), (2), and (3). The price floor formulas are designed to ensure that each agreement and service should cover its attributable costs and preclude the subsidization of competitive products by market dominant products. In Fiscal Year 2009, all international competitive mail accounted for a relatively small percentage of the total contribution by all competitive products. Contribution from Inbound Competitive Multi-Service Agreements with Foreign Postal Operators should be much smaller. Even if all such agreements are signed with prices at the price floor, they should not impair the ability of competitive products on the whole to cover an appropriate share of institutional costs.

Joseph Moeller

CERTIFICATION OF GOVERNORS' VOTE IN THE GOVERNORS' DECISION NO. 10-3

Date: 8-9-2010

I hereby certify that the Governors voted on adopting Governors' Decision No. 10-3, and that, consistent with 39 USC 3632(a), a majority of the Governors then holding office concurred in the Decision.

Julie S. Moore

Secretary of the Board of Governors

ATTACHMENT 4

APPLICATION OF THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE FOR NON-PUBLIC TREATMENT OF MATERIALS

In accordance with 39 C.F.R. § 3007.21, the United States Postal Service (Postal Service) hereby applies for non-public treatment of certain materials filed with the Commission in this docket. The materials pertain to the bilateral agreement between the PostNL and the United States Postal Service filed in this proceeding. The agreement and supporting documents establishing compliance are being filed separately under seal with the Commission. A redacted copy of the agreement is filed with the Notice as Attachment 1. In addition, a redacted version of the supporting financial documentation is included with this public filing as a separate Excel file.

The Postal Service hereby furnishes the justification required for this application by 39 C.F.R. § 3007.21(c) below.

(1) The rationale for claiming that the materials are non-public, including the specific statutory basis for the claim, and a statement justifying application of the provision(s);

The materials designated as non-public consist of information of a commercial nature that would not be publicly disclosed under good business practice. In the Postal Service's view, this information would be exempt from mandatory disclosure pursuant to 39 U.S.C. § 410(c)(2) and 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(3) and (4). Because the portions of the materials that the Postal Service is

¹ In appropriate circumstances, the Commission may determine the appropriate level of confidentiality to be afforded to such information after weighing the nature and extent of the likely commercial injury to the Postal Service against the public interest in maintaining the financial transparency of a government establishment competing in commercial markets. 39 U.S.C. § 504(g)(3)(A). The Commission has indicated that "likely commercial injury" should be construed

applying to file only under seal fall within the scope of information not required to be publicly disclosed, the Postal Service asks the Commission to support its determination that these materials are exempt from public disclosure and grant its application for their non-public treatment.

(2) Identification, including name, phone number, and e-mail address for any third party who is known to have a proprietary interest in the materials, or if such an identification is sensitive, contact information for a Postal Service employee who shall provide notice to that third party;

In the case of the instant Agreement, the Postal Service believes that the only third party with a proprietary interest in the materials is the foreign postal operator with whom the contract is made. Through text in the agreement, the Postal Service has already informed the postal operator, in compliance with 39 C.F.R. § 3007.20(b), of the nature and scope of this filing and the operator's ability to address its confidentiality concerns directly with the Commission. Due to the sensitive nature of the Postal Service's rate relationship with the affected foreign postal operator, the Postal Service proposes that a designated Postal Service employee serve as the point of contact for any notices. The Postal Service identifies as an appropriate contact person Ms. Lea Emerson, Executive Director, International Postal Affairs. Ms. Emerson's phone number is (202) 268-2574, and her email address is lea.emerson@usps.gov.2

broadly to encompass other types of injury, such as harms to privacy, deliberative process, or law enforcement interests. PRC Order No. 194, Second Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to Establish a Procedure for According Appropriate Confidentiality, Docket No. RM2008-1, Mar. 20, 2009, at

² The Postal Service acknowledges that 39 C.F.R. § 3007.21(c)(2) appears to contemplate only situations where a third party's identification is "sensitive" as permitting the designation of a Postal Service employee who shall act as an intermediary for notice purposes. To the extent that the Postal Service's filing might be construed as beyond the scope of the Commission's rules, the Postal Service respectfully requests a waiver to designate a Postal Service employee as the contact person under these circumstances, for the reasons provided in the text above.

(3) A description of the materials claimed to be non-public in a manner that, without revealing the materials at issue, would allow a person to thoroughly evaluate the basis for the claim that they are non-public;

In connection with its Request filed in this docket, the Postal Service included an agreement and financial work papers associated with that agreement. These materials were filed under seal, with redacted copies filed publicly, after notice to the affected postal operator. The Postal Service maintains that the redacted portions of the agreement and related financial information should remain confidential.

With regard to the agreement filed in this docket, the redactions withhold the actual prices being offered between the parties under the agreement, as well as the targeted delivery scanning rate for one product and information about product development plans. The redactions applied to the financial work papers protect commercially sensitive information such as underlying costs and assumptions, negotiated pricing, and cost coverage projections. To the extent practicable, the Postal Service has limited its redactions in the work papers to the actual information it has determined to be exempt from disclosure under 5 U.S.C. § 552(b).

(4) Particular identification of the nature and extent of commercial harm alleged and the likelihood of such harm;

If the portions of the agreement that the Postal Service determined to be protected from disclosure due to their commercially sensitive nature were to be disclosed publicly, the Postal Service considers that it is quite likely that it would suffer commercial harm. Information about negotiated pricing is commercially sensitive, and the Postal Service does not believe that it would be disclosed

under good business practices. Foreign postal operators could use the information to their advantage in negotiating the terms of their own agreements with the Postal Service, and to gain intelligence about product development efforts. Competitors could also use the information to assess the offers made by the Postal Service to foreign postal operators or other customers for any possible comparative vulnerabilities and focus sales and marketing efforts on those areas, to the detriment of the Postal Service. This latter concern applies to the extent that the prices in the filed agreement cover certain competitive services, which are included in the agreement filed under seal; market dominant services for which competition exists (e.g., with respect to Letter Post, heavier Letter Post small packets, and outbound international items, which are included in the agreement filed under seal); and monopoly letters, to the extent that competing providers are not fully cognizant of or compliant with the Private Express Statutes. The Postal Service considers these to be highly probable outcomes that would result from public disclosure of the redacted material.

The financial work papers include specific information such as costs, assumptions used in pricing decisions, the negotiated prices themselves, projections of variables, and contingency rates included to account for market fluctuations and exchange risks. All of this information is highly confidential in the business world. If this information were made public, the Postal Service's competitors would have the advantage of being able to determine the absolute floor for Postal Service pricing, in light of statutory, regulatory, or policy constraints. Thus, competitors would be able to take advantage of the

information to offer lower pricing to postal customers, while subsidizing any losses with profits from other customers. Eventually, this could freeze the Postal Service out of the relevant inbound delivery services markets. Given that these spreadsheets are filed in their native format, the Postal Service's assessment is that the likelihood that the information would be used in this way is great.

Potential customers could also deduce from the rates provided in the agreement or from the information in the workpapers whether additional margin for net contribution exists under agreement's prices. The settlement charges between the Postal Service and the foreign postal operator constitute costs underlying the postal services offered to each postal operator's customers, and disclosure of this cost basis would upset the balance of Postal Service negotiations with contract customers by allowing them to negotiate, rightly or wrongly, on the basis of the Postal Service's perceived supplier costs. From this information, each foreign postal operator or customer could also attempt to negotiate ever-decreasing prices, such that the Postal Service's ability to negotiate competitive yet financially sound rates would be compromised. Even the foreign postal operator involved in the agreement at issue in this docket could use the information in the work papers in an attempt to renegotiate the rates in its instrument by threatening to terminate its current agreement.

Price information in the agreement and financial spreadsheets also consists of sensitive commercial information of the foreign postal operator.

Disclosure of such information could be used by competitors of the foreign postal operator to assess the foreign postal operator's underlying costs, and thereby

develop a benchmark for the development of a competitive alternative. The foreign postal operator would also be exposed to the same risks as the Postal Service in customer negotiations based on the revelation of their supplier costs.

(5) At least one specific hypothetical, illustrative example of each alleged harm;

Harm: Public disclosure of the prices in the Agreement, as well as any negotiated terms, would provide foreign postal operators or other potential customers extraordinary negotiating power to extract lower rates from the Postal Service.

Hypothetical: The negotiated prices are disclosed publicly on the Postal Regulatory Commission's website. Another postal operator sees the price and determines that there may be some additional profit margin below the rates provided to either operator. The other postal operator, which was offered rates comparable to those published in the agreement, then uses the publicly available rate information to insist that it must receive lower rates than those the Postal Service has offered.

Harm: Public disclosure of information in the financial work papers would be used by competitors and customers to the detriment of the Postal Service.

Hypothetical: A competing delivery service obtains unredacted versions of the financial workpapers from the Postal Regulatory Commission's website. It analyzes the workpapers to determine what the Postal Service would have to charge its customers in order to comply with business or legal considerations regarding cost coverage and contribution to institutional costs. It then sets its own rates for products similar to what the Postal Service offers its customers below that threshold and markets its purported ability to beat the Postal Service

on price for international delivery services. By sustaining this below-market strategy for a relatively short period of time, the competitor, or all of the Postal Service's competitors acting in a likewise fashion, would freeze the Postal Service out of one or more relevant international delivery markets. Even if the competing providers do not manage wholly to freeze out the Postal Service, they will significantly cut into the revenue streams upon which the Postal Service relies to finance provision of universal service.

Harm: Public disclosure of information in the financial workpapers would be used detrimentally by the foreign postal operator's competitors.

Hypothetical: A competing international delivery service obtains a copy of the unredacted version of the financial workpapers from the Postal Regulatory Commission's website. The competitor analyzes the workpapers to assess the foreign postal operator's underlying costs for the corresponding products. The competitor uses that information as a baseline to negotiate with U.S. companies to develop lower-cost alternatives.

(6) The extent of protection from public disclosure deemed to be necessary;

The Postal Service maintains that the redacted portions of the materials filed non-publicly should be withheld from persons involved in competitive decision-making in the relevant market for international delivery products (including both private sector integrators and foreign postal operators), as well as their consultants and attorneys. Additionally, the Postal Service believes that actual or potential customers of the Postal Service for this or similar products (including other postal operators) should not be provided access to the non-

public materials. This includes the counter-party to the agreement with respect to all materials filed under seal except for the text of the postal operator's agreement, to which that counter-party already has access.

(7) The length of time deemed necessary for the non-public materials to be protected from public disclosure with justification thereof; and

The Commission's regulations provide that non-public materials shall lose non-public status ten years after the date of filing with the Commission, unless the Commission or its authorized representative enters an order extending the duration of that status. 39 C.F.R. § 3007.30.

(8) Any other factors or reasons relevant to support the application.

None.

Conclusion

For the reasons discussed, the Postal Service asks that the Commission grant its application for non-public treatment of the identified materials.